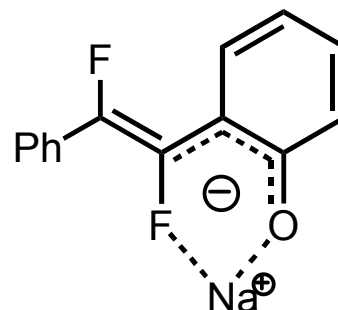
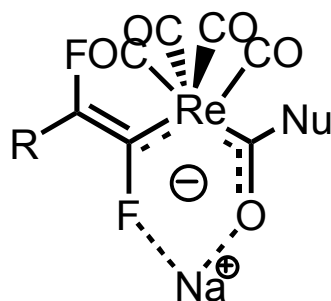


## C-F...Na COORDINATION

### IN THE SOLUTIONS OF $\beta$ -FLUOROENOLATES AND $\alpha$ -FLUOROVINYL(ACYL)RHENATES

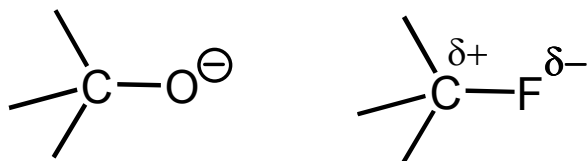


**P. K. Sazonov, G. A. Artamkina, I. P. Beletskaya**

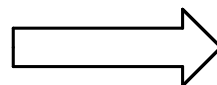
*Chemistry Department, M.V. Lomonosov Moscow State University*

*Leninskie Gory 1, 119992, Moscow, Russia*

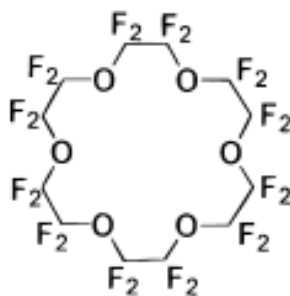
*E-mail: petr@elorg.chem.msu.ru*



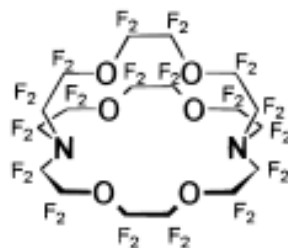
- high electronegativity
- small size



hard donors

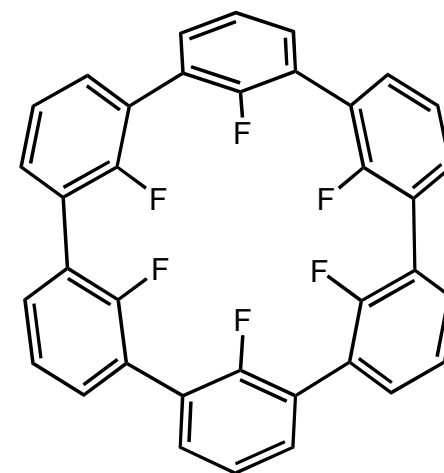


Lagow et al.



Lagow et al.

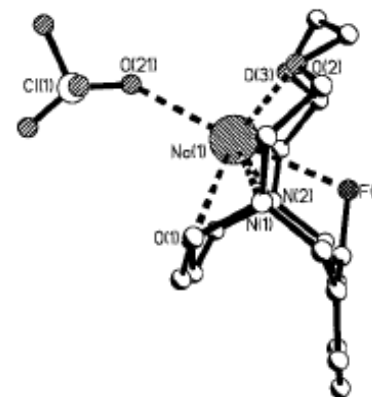
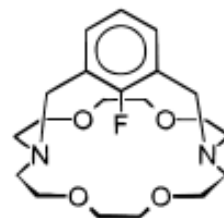
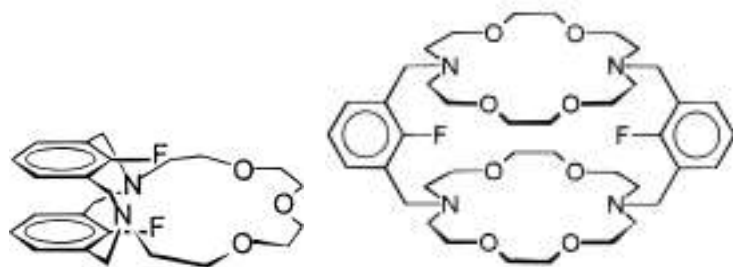
*“...are not capable of forming any complexes with metal ions...”*



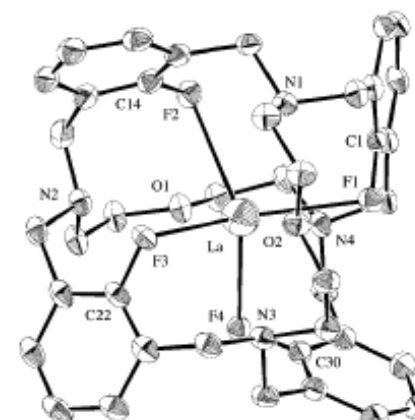
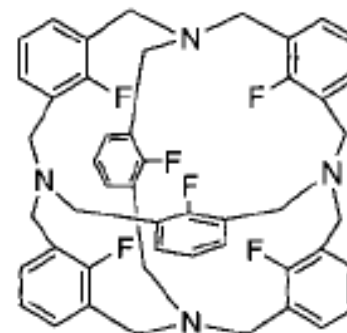
D.J. Cram et al., 1989

**Jenny P. Glusker** et al. (*J. Am. Chem. Soc.* **1983**, 105, 3214)

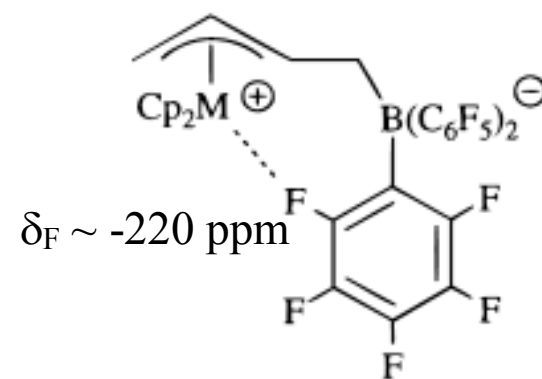
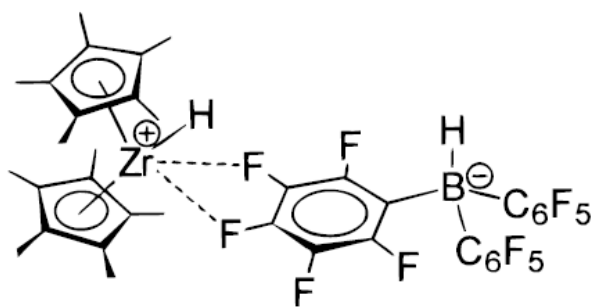
*“We believe that the C-F bond is capable of significant, if not prominent, interactions with both alkaline metal cations and proton donors.”*

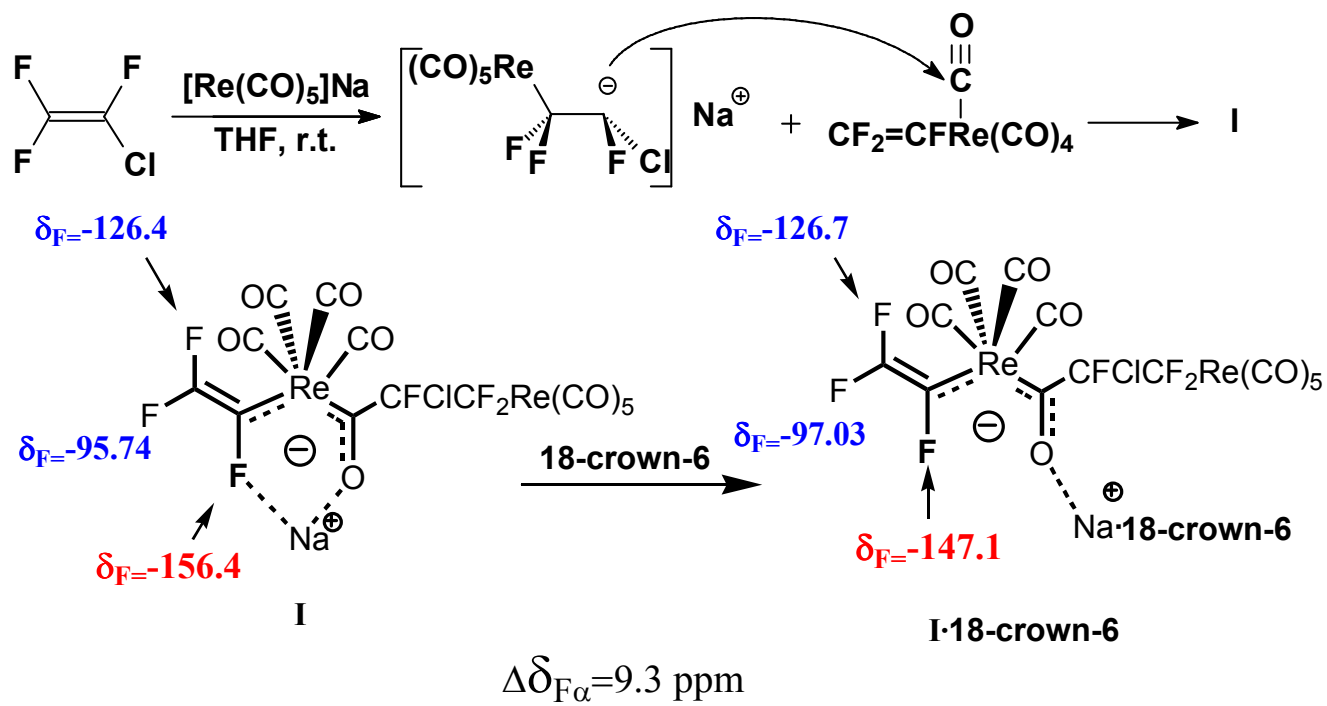
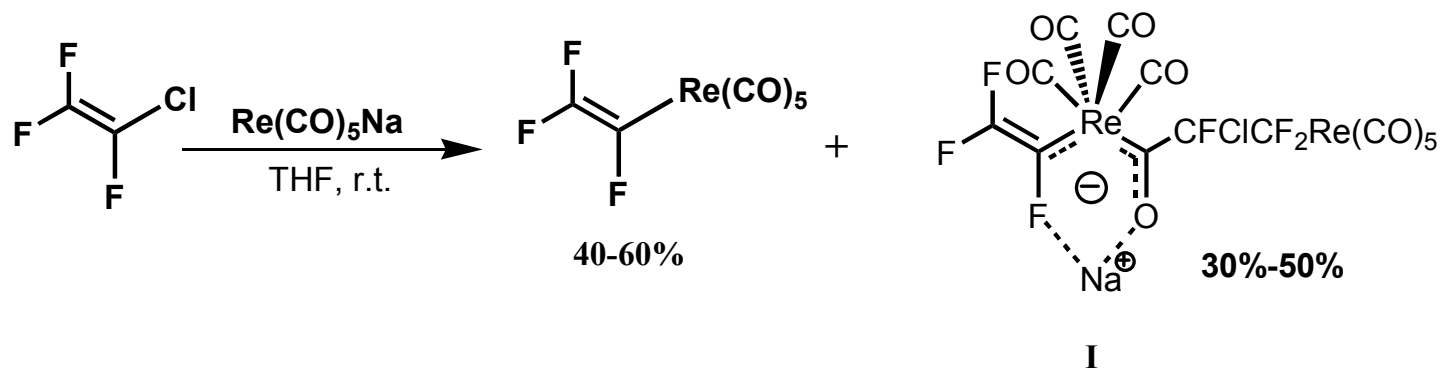


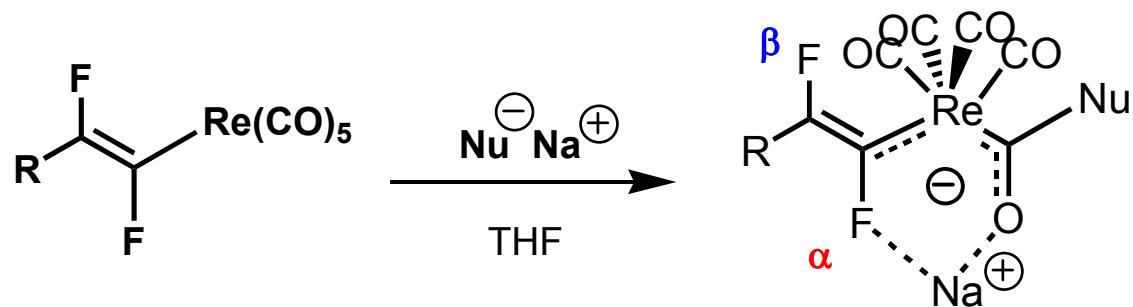
**Herbert Plenio et al. (1994-1997)**  
*(J. Am. Chem. Soc. 1996, 118, 356-367)*



**H.Takemura et al. (1999-2003)**  
*(J. Am. Chem. Soc. 2001, 123, 9293)*

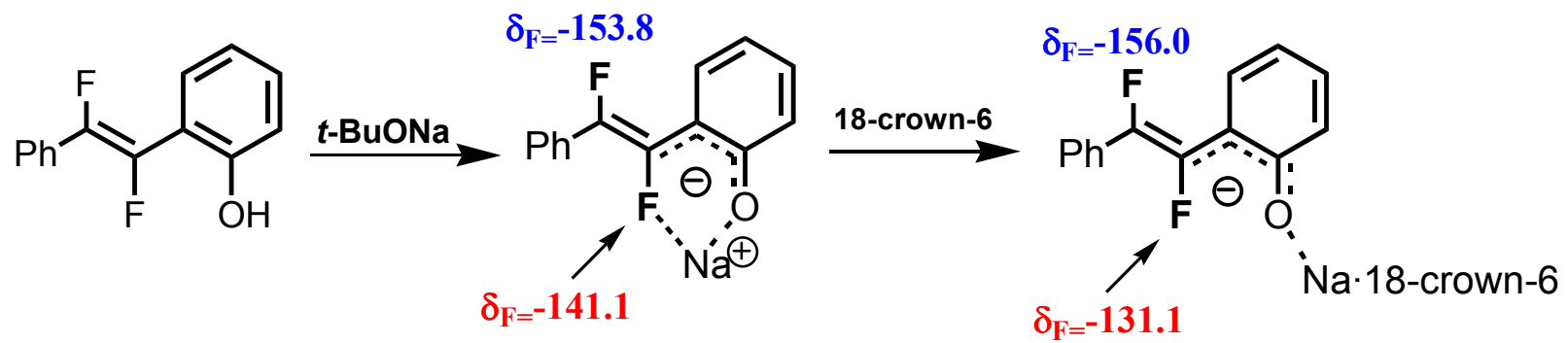




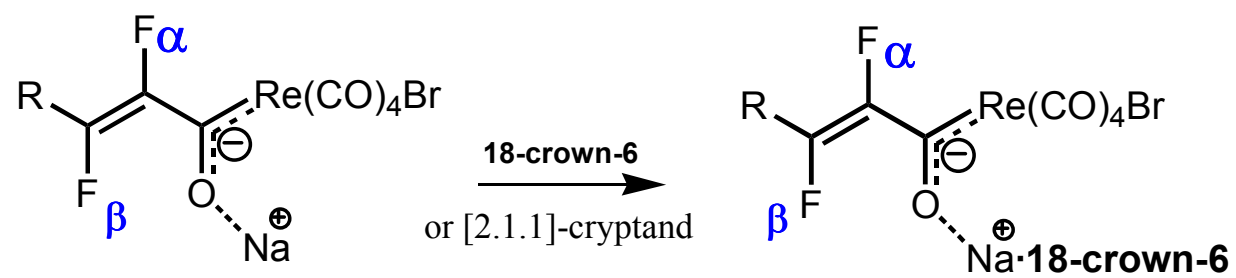


$\Delta\delta_{\text{F}}$  - change of the  $\delta_{\text{F}}$  on the addition of 18-crown-6 in **THF**

| Compound number | R                           | $\text{Nu}^-$                               | $\Delta\delta_{\text{F}\alpha}$ | $\Delta\delta_{\text{F}\beta}$ |
|-----------------|-----------------------------|---|---------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| I               | F                           | $[(\text{CO})_5\text{ReF}_2\text{CFCIC}]^-$ | <b>9.3</b>                      | <b>-0.3</b>                    |
| II              | F                           | $t\text{-BuO}^-$                            | <b>14.9</b>                     | <b>-1.9</b>                    |
| III             | $(\text{CF}_3)_3\text{C}^-$ | $t\text{-BuO}^-$                            | <b>7.2</b>                      | <b>-1.8</b>                    |
| IV              | Ph                          | $t\text{-BuO}^-$                            | <b>14.8</b>                     | <b>-2.1</b>                    |
| V               | F                           | $[\text{PhC}\equiv\text{C}]^-$              | <b>7.2</b>                      | <b>-0.9</b>                    |
| VI              | Ph                          | $[\text{PhC}\equiv\text{C}]^-$              | <b>5.0</b>                      | <b>-0.9</b>                    |



$$\Delta\delta_{\text{F}\alpha} = 10 \text{ ppm}$$



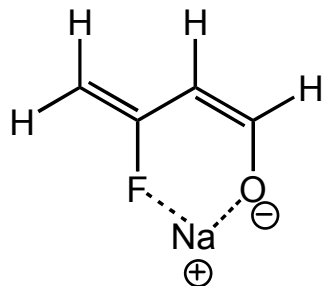
$\text{R}=\text{F}, (\text{CF}_3)_3\text{C}^-$

$\Delta\delta_{\text{F}\alpha} \sim 1 \text{ ppm}$

$\Delta\delta_{\text{F}\beta} - (3-5) \text{ ppm}$ , i.e. shifts to *higher* field

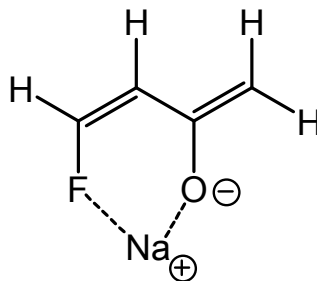


Direction (upfield) and value of  $\Delta\delta_F$  shift upon C-F...Na<sup>+</sup> coordination  
as predicted by  
B3LYP/6-31+G(d) calculations.

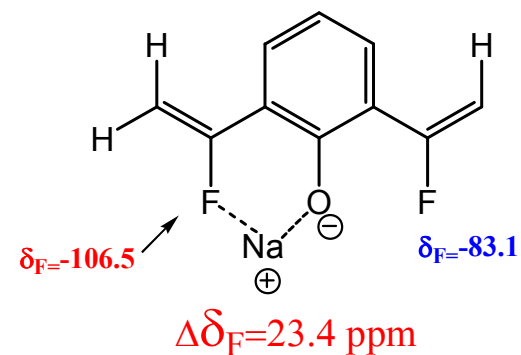


$\Delta\delta_{F\alpha}=21.8$  ppm

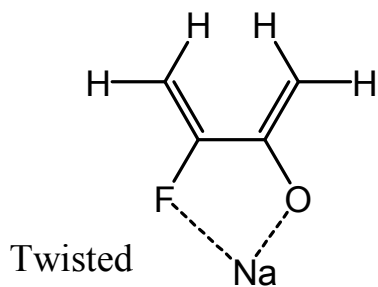
Flat chelate cycle



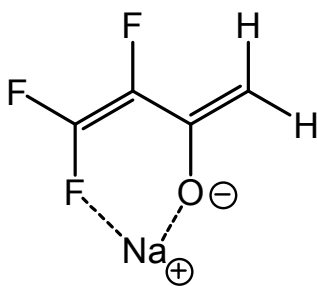
$\Delta\delta_{F\alpha}=28.5$  ppm



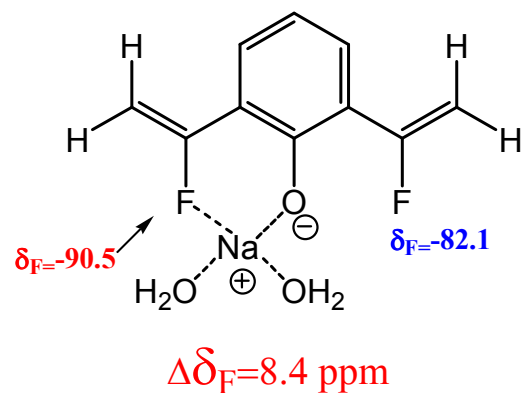
Twisted chelate cycle



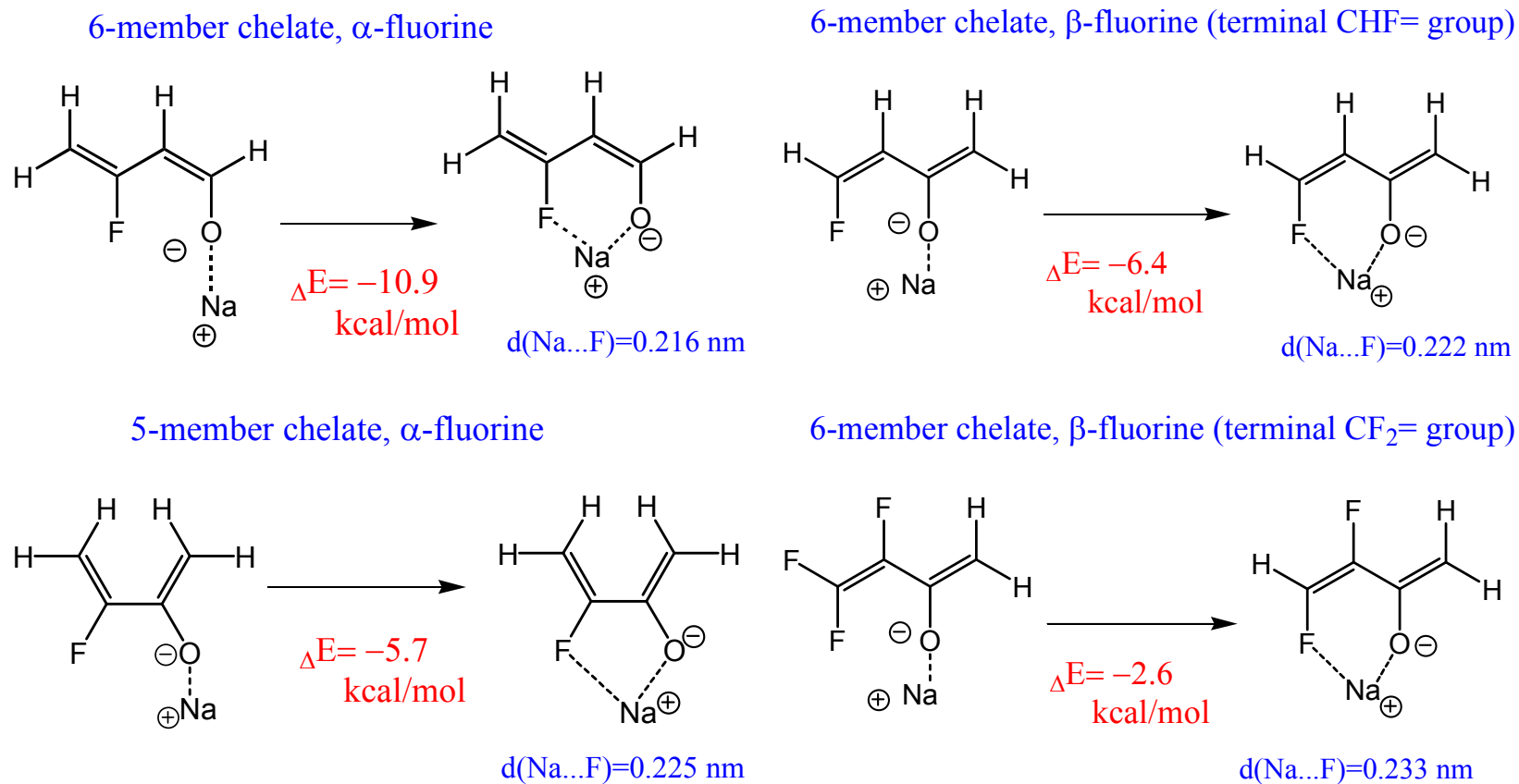
$\Delta\delta_{F\alpha}=21.5$  ppm

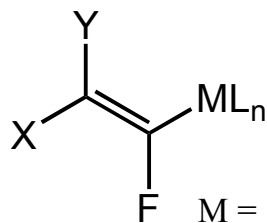


$\Delta\delta_{F\alpha}=23$  ppm



Stabilization energy of C-F...Na<sup>+</sup> coordination ( $\Delta E$ , kcal/mol)  
calculated at B3LYP/6-31+G(d) level.

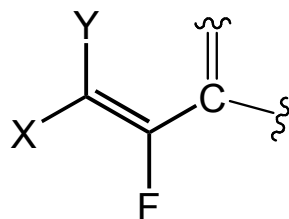




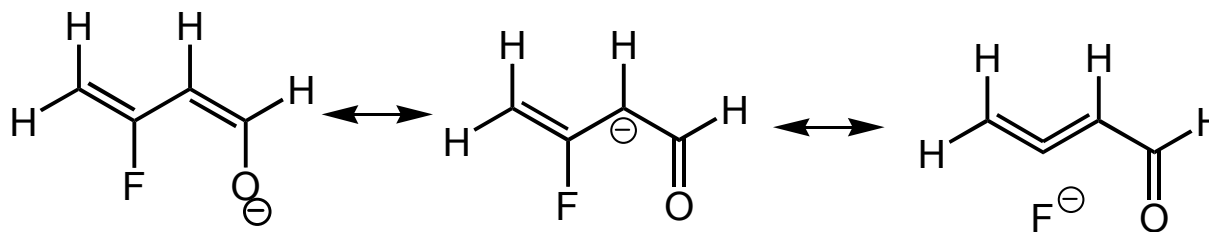
M = transition metal

Search in  
Cambridge Crystallographic Data Base  
<http://www.ccdc.cam.ac.uk>

$d(\text{C-F}) = 0.138\text{--}0.14 \text{ nm}$  - longer than in monofluoroalkanes !



$d(\text{C-F}) = 0.137\text{--}0.138 \text{ nm}$



Negative fluorine hyperconjugation in  $\beta$ -fluoroenolate anions should further increase

(a) negative charge on fluorine and

(b)  $d(\text{C-F})$  bond

## Acknowledgements

- Organizing committee
- Financial support from RFBR Project No. 05-03-32905
- “P&M” Scientific Industrial Association (Moscow) for a gift of  $\text{CF}_2=\text{CFCl}$  (used in the synthesis of  $\alpha$ -fluorovinyl(acyl)renate (I))